34 CASTLE COURT, KIRKINTILLOCH, GLASGOW, G66 1LL

Dwelling type: Mid-floor flat
Date of assessment: 17 November 2014
Date of certificate: 17 November 2014

Total floor area: 52 m²

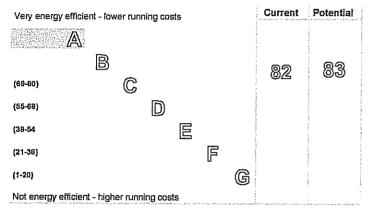
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Reference number: 2414-5129-5009-0693-5996
Type of assessment: RdSAP, existing dwelling
Primary Energy Indicator: 235 kWh/m²/year

Main heating and fuel: Electric storage heaters

Compare current ratings of properties to see which are more energy efficient and environmentally friendly Find out how to save energy and money and also reduce CO₂ emissions by improving your home

* based upon the cost of energy for heating, hot water, lighting and ventilation, calculated using standard assumptions



This graph shows the current efficiency of your home, taking into account both energy efficiency and fuel costs. The higher this rating, the lower your fuel bills are likely to be.

Your current rating is band B (82). The average rating for a home in Scotland is band D (61).

The potential rating shows the effect of undertaking all of the improvement measures listed within your recommendations report.

Potential Current Very environmentally friendly - lower CO2 emissions (92 plus) 图 (81-91) \mathbb{C} (69-80) 73 71 (55-68)E (39-54 F G Not environmentally friendly - higher CO2 emissions

This graph shows the effect of your home on the environment in terms of carbon dioxide (CO_2) emissions. The higher the rating, the less impact it has on the environment.

Your current rating is band C (71). The average rating for a home in Scotland is band D (59).

The potential rating shows the effect of undertaking all of the improvement measures listed within your recommendations report.

Recommended measures	Indicative cost	Typical savings over 3 years	Available with Green Deal
1 Add additional 80 mm jacket to hot water cylinder	£15 - £30	£36	200-25 filtra o i frem etr frade Employment (1900), por que esta para presenta. Transportario de la companya del companya del companya de la companya del la companya de la
2 Low energy lighting	£20	£63	

A full list of recommended improvement measures for your home, together with more information on potential cost and savings and advice to help you carry out improvements can be found in your recommendations report.

This table sets out the results of the survey which lists the current energy-related features of this home. Each element is assessed by the national calculation methodology; 1 star = very poor (least efficient), 2 stars = poor, 3 stars = average, 4 stars = good and 5 stars = very good (most efficient). The assessment does not take into consideration the condition of an element and how well it is working. 'Assumed' means that the insulation could not be inspected and an assumption has been made in the methodology, based on age and type of construction.

ssumption has been made in the methodology, based on ag-		Energy Efficiency	Environmental	
Element	Description	***	***	
Walls	Cavity wall, filled cavity	XXXXX	ang mengangkang salah diginah mengangkan pengangkan pengangkan mengangkan pengangkan pengangkan berapa diginah	
Roof	(another dwelling above)		and the second s	
FIOT	(other premises below)	***	**************************************	
Windows	Fully double glazed	**	****	
Main heating	Electric storage heaters	**	***	
Main heating controls	Manual charge control	age account frame entre spaces one of public relatives are more as of some firms are arrived consumers (married	g gardina ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang a	
Secondary heating	Portable electric heaters (assumed)	***	★☆☆☆☆	
Hot water	Electric immersion, off-peak	the second secon	***	
Lighting	Low energy lighting in 33% of fixed outlets	which is a second of company is second to the controlled on the co	The second secon	

Your Energy Efficiency Rating is calculated using the standard UK methodology, RdSAP. This calculates energy used for heating, hot water, lighting and ventilation and then applies fuel costs to that energy use to give an overall rating for your home. The rating is given on a scale of 1 to 100. Other than the cost of fuel for electrical appliances and for cooking, a building with a rating of 100 would cost almost nothing to run.

As we all use our homes in different ways, the energy rating is calculated using standard occupancy assumptions which may be different from the way you use it. The rating also uses national weather information to allow comparison between buildings in different parts of Scotland. However, to make information more relevant to your home, local weather data is used to calculate your energy use, CO₂ emissions, running costs and the savings possible from making improvements.

One of the biggest contributors to global warming is carbon dioxide. The energy we use for heating, lighting and power in our homes produces over a quarter of the UK's carbon dioxide emissions. Different fuels produce different amounts of carbon dioxide for every kilowatt hour (kWh) of energy used. The Environmental Impact Rating of your home is calculated by applying these 'carbon factors' for the fuels you use to your overall energy use.

The average Scottish household produces about 6 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. Based on this assessment, heating and lighting this home currently produces approximately 2.2 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. Adopting recommendations in this report can reduce emissions and protect the environment. If you were to install all of these recommendations this could reduce emissions by 0.2 tonnes per year. You could reduce emissions even more by switching to renewable energy sources.

in a samulating global to minimate announcing to the minimate and active	Current energy costs	Potential energy costs	Potential future savings
Heating	£423 over 3 years	£471 over 3 years	
Hot water	£411 over 3 years	£348 over 3 years	
Lighting	£207 over 3 years	£123 over 3 years	
	Totals £1,041	£942	

These figures show how much the average household would spend in this property for heating, lighting and hot water. This excludes energy use for running appliances such as TVs, computers and cookers, and the benefits of any electricity generated by this home (for example, from photovoltaic panels). The potential savings in energy costs show the effect of undertaking all of the recommended measures listed below.

The measures below will improve the energy and environmental performance of this dwelling. The performance ratings after improvements listed below are cumulative; that is, they assume the improvements have been installed in the order that they appear in the table. Further information about the recommended measures and other simple actions to take today to save money is available from the Home Energy Scotland hotline which can be contacted on 0808 808 2282. Before carrying out work, make sure that the appropriate permissions are obtained, where necessary. This may include permission from a landlord (if you are a tenant) or the need to get a Building Warrant for certain types of work.

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1	Add additional 80 mm jacket to hot water cylinder	£15 - £30	£12	B 82	C 73	 12
2	Low energy lighting for all fixed outlets	£20	£21	B 83	C 73	

Measures which have a green deal tick—are likely to be eligible for Green Deal finance plans based on indicative costs. Subsidy also may be available for some measures, such as solid wall insulation. Additional support may also be available for certain households in receipt of means tested benefits. Measures which have an orange tick—may need additional finance. To find out how you could use Green Deal finance to improve your property, visit www.greenerscotland.org or contact the Home Energy Scotland hotline on 0808 808 2282.

For free and impartial advice on choosing suitable measures for your property, contact the Home Energy Scotland hotline on 0808 808 2282 or go to www.greenerscotland.org.



This section offers additional information and advice on the recommended improvement measures for your home

1 Hot water cylinder insulation

Increasing the thickness of existing insulation by adding an 80 mm cylinder jacket around the hot water cylinder will help maintain the water at the required temperature; this will reduce the amount of energy used and lower fuel bills. The jacket should be fitted over the top of the existing foam insulation and over any thermostat clamped to the cylinder. Hot water pipes from the hot water cylinder should also be insulated, using pre-formed pipe insulation of up to 50 mm thickness, or to suit the space available, for as far as they can be accessed to reduce losses in summer. All these materials can be purchased from DIY stores and installed by a competent DIY enthusiast.

2 Low energy lighting

Replacement of traditional light bulbs with energy saving recommended ones will reduce lighting costs over the lifetime of the bulb, and they last up to 12 times longer than ordinary light bulbs. Also consider selecting low energy light fittings when redecorating; contact the Lighting Association for your nearest stockist of Domestic Energy Efficient Lighting Scheme fittings.

Low and zero carbon (LZC) energy sources are sources of energy that release either very little or no carbon dioxide into the atmosphere when they are used. Installing these sources may help reduce energy bills as well as cutting carbon.

LZC energy sources present: There are none provided for this home

You could receive Renewable Heat Incentive (RHI) payments and help reduce carbon emissions by replacing your existing heating system with one that generates renewable heat and, where appropriate, having your loft insulated and cavity walls filled. The estimated energy required for space and water heating will form the basis of the payments. For more information go to www.energysavingtrust.org.uk/scotland/rhi.

Heat demand	Existing dwelling	Impact of loft insulation	Impact of cavity wall insulation	Impact of solid wall insulation
Space heating (kWh per year)	1,583	N/A	N/A	N/A
Water heating (kWn per year)	2,172			

This Recommendations Report and the accompanying Energy Performance Certificate are valid for a maximum of ten years. These documents cease to be valid where superseded by a more recent assessment of the same building carried out by a member of an Approved Organisation.

The Energy Performance Certificate and this Recommendations Report for this building were produced following an energy assessment undertaken by an assessor accredited by BRE (www.breassessor.co.uk), an Approved Organisation Appointed by Scottish Ministers. The certificate has been produced under the Energy Performance of Buildings (Scotland) Regulations 2008 from data lodged to the Scottish EPC register. You can verify the validity of this document by visiting www.scottishepcregister.org.uk and entering the report reference number (RRN) printed at the top of this page.

Assessor's name:

Assessor membership number:

Company name/trading name:

Ronald G Smith
BREC000724

J&E Shepherd

Address:

The Wynd Cumbernauld G67 2SU

Phone number: 01236 780000

Email address: ronnie.smith@shepherd.co.uk

Related party disclosure: No related party

If you have any concerns regarding the content of this report or the service provided by your assessor you should in the first instance raise these matters with your assessor and with the Approved Organisation to which they belong. All Approved Organisations are required to publish their complaints and disciplinary procedures and details can be found online at the web address given above.

Use of this energy performance information

This Certificate and Recommendations Report will be available to view online by any party with access to the report reference number (RRN) and to organisations delivering energy efficiency and carbon reduction initiatives on behalf of the Scottish and UK Governments. If you are the current owner or occupier of this building and do not wish this data to be used by these organisations to contact you in relation to such initiatives, please opt out by visiting www.scottishepcregister.org.uk and your data will be restricted accordingly. Further information on this and on Energy Performance Certificates in general can be found at www.scotland.gov.uk/epc.

Under a Green Deal, the cost of the improvements is repaid over time via a credit agreement. Repayments are made through a charge added to the electricity bill for the property.

To see which improvements are recommended for this property, please turn to page 3. You can choose which improvements you want to install and ask for a quote from an authorised Green Deal provider. They will organise installation by an authorised Green Deal installer. If you move home, the responsibility for paying the Green Deal charge under the credit agreement passes to the new electricity bill payer.

For householders in receipt of income-related benefits, additional help may be available.

To find out more, visit www.greenerscotland.org or call 0808 808 2282.

Authorised	Finance at	Choose from	May be paid	Repayments
home energy	no upfront	authorised	from savings	stay with the
assessment	cost	installers	in energy bills	electricity bill
				payer