# **Energy Performance Certificate**

### Address of dweling and other details

FLAT 1/1 54 FORTROSE STREET GLASGOW G11 5LP Dwelling type: Mid-floor flat
Name of approved organisation: Ecmk Ltd
Membership number: ECMK230004
Date of certficate: 17 June 2010

Reference Number: 0160-2846-8060-9690-6161
Type of assessment: RdSAP, existing dwelling

Total floor area: 116 m<sup>2</sup>

Main type of heating and fuel: Boiler and underfloor heating, mains gas

#### This dwelling's performance ratings

This dwelling has been assessed using the RdSAP 2005 methodology. Its performance is rated in terms of the energy use per square metre of floor area, energy efficiency based on fuel costs and environmental impact based on carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) emissions. CO<sub>2</sub> is a greenhouse gas that contributes to climate change.

### Energy Efficiency Rating

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The energy efficiency rating is a measure of the overall efficiency of a home. The higher the rating the more energy efficient the home is and the lower the fuel bills are likely to be.

## Environment Impact (CO,) Rating

		Current	Potential
Very environmentally friendly - lower CO₂ emission (92 plus) /∆\	ons		
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(81-91) B		85	85
( <del>189-80)</del>			
(55-68) D			
(39-54)			
(4-31) F			
(1-20)	<u>)</u>		
Not environmentally friendly - higher CO <sub>2</sub> emissic	ns		
Scotland		Directive 02/91/EC	3

The environmental impact rating is a measure of a home's impact on the environment in terms of carbon dioxide  $(CO_2)$  emissions. The higher the rating the less impact it has on the environment.

Approximate current energy use per square metre of floor area: 97 kWh/m² per year Approximate current CO<sub>2</sub> emissions: 16 kg/m² per year

#### Cost effective improvements

Below is a list of lower cost measures that will raise the energy performance of the dwelling to the potential indicated in the tables above.

1 Low energy lighting for all fixed outlets

#### A full energy report is appended to this certificate



Remember to look for the energy saving recommended logo when buying energy-efficient products. It's a quick and easy way to identify the most energy-efficient products on the market. Information from this EPC may be given to the Energy Saving Trust to provide advice to householders on financial help available to improve home energy efficiency.

N.B. THIS CERTIFICATE MUST BE AFFIXED TO THE DWELLING AND NOT BE REMOVED UNLESS IT IS REPLACED WITH AN UPDATED VERSION

# Energy report



The Energy Performance Certificate and Energy Report for this dwelling were produced following an energy assessment undertaken by a member of Ecmk Ltd. This is an organisation which has been approved by the Scottish Ministers. The certificate has been produced under the Building (Scotland) Amendment Regulations 2006 and a copy of the certificate and this energy report have been lodged on a national register.

Assessor's name: Mr Ian Mcintosh
Company name/trading name: Contract Heating Ltd

Address: 2B Bankhead Crossway South, Edinburgh

Midlothian, EH11 4EX

Phone number: 0131 4583377

Fax number:

E-mail address: ianmcintosh@contractheating.co.uk

Related party disclosure: No related party

### Estimated energy use, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) emissions and fuel costs of this home

	Current	Potential
Energy use	97 kWh/m² per year	91 kWh/m² per year
Carbon dioxide emissions	1.8 tonnes per year	1.7 tonnes per year
Lighting	£97 per year	£66 per year
Heating	£233 per year	£237 per year
Hot water	£117 per year	£117 per year

The figures in the table above have been provided to enable prospective buyers and tenants to compare the fuel costs and carbon emissions of one home with another. To enable this comparison the figures have been calculated using standardised running conditions (heating periods, room temperatures, etc.) that are the same for all homes, consequently they are unlikely to match an occupier's actual fuel bills and carbon emissions in practise. The figures do not include the impacts of the fuels used for cooking or running appliances, such as TV, fridge etc.; nor do they reflect the costs associated with service, maintenance or safety inspections. Always check the certificate date because fuel prices can change over time and energy saving recommendations will evolve.

#### About the building's performance ratings

The ratings on the certificate provide a measure of the building's overall energy efficiency and its environmental impact, calculated in accordance with a national methodology that takes into account factors such as insulation, heating and hot water systems, ventilation and fuels used.

Not all buildings are used in the same way, so energy ratings use 'standard occupancy' assumptions which may be different from the specific way you use your home.

Buildings that are more energy efficient use less energy, save money and help protect the environment. A building with a rating of 100 would cost almost nothing to heat and light and would cause almost no carbon emissions. The potential ratings in the certificate describe how close this building could get to 100 if all the cost effective recommended improvements were implemented.

# About the impact of buildings on the environment

One of the biggest contributors to global warming is carbon dioxide. The way we use energy in buildings causes emissions of carbon. The energy we use for heating, lighting and power in homes produces over a quarter of the UK's carbon dioxide emissions and other buildings produce a further one-sixth.

The average household causes about 6 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. Adopting the recommendations in this report can reduce emissions and protect the environment. You could reduce emissions even more by switching to renewable energy sources. In addition there are many simple everyday measures that will save money, improve comfort and reduce the impact on the environment. Some examples are given at the end of this report.

# Summary of this home's energy performance related features

The table below is an assessment of the key individual elements that have an impact on this home's energy and environmental performance. Each element is assessed by the national calculation methodology against the following scale: Very poor / Poor / Average / Good / Very good. The assessment does not take into consideration the physical condition of any element. 'Assumed' means that the insulation could not be inspected and an assumption has been made in the methodology based on age and type of construction.

Element Description		Current performance		
	Description	Energy Efficiency	Environmental	
Walls	Sandstone, with internal insulation	Very good	Very good	
Roof	(another dwelling above)	-	-	
Floor	(other premises below)	•		
Windows	Fully double glazed	Good	Good	
Main heating	Boiler and underfloor heating, mains gas	Good	Good	
Main heating controls	Programmer and at least two room thermostats	Good	Good	
Secondary heating	None	P	•	
Hot water	From main system	Good	Very good	
Lighting	Low energy lighting in 52% of fixed outlets	Good	Good	
Current energy effic	iency rating	B 85		
Current environmen	tal impact (CO <sub>2</sub> ) rating		B 85	

## Low and zero carbon energy sources

These are sources of energy (producing or providing electricity or hot water) which emit little or no carbon dioxide into the atmosphere. There are none applicable to this home.

# Recommended measures to improve this home's energy performance

The measures below are cost effective. The performance ratings after improvement listed below are cumulative, that is they assume the improvements have been installed in the order that they appear in the table. However you should check the conditions in any covenants, warranties or sale contracts, and whether any legal permissions are required such as a building warrant, planning consent or listed building restrictions.

Lower cost measures (up to £500)	Typical savings per	Performance ratings after improvement		
	year	Energy Efficiency	Environmental	
1 Low energy lighting for all fixed outlets	£28	B 86	B 85	
Total	£28			
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Potential Energy efficiency rating

8 86

Potential environmental impact (CO<sub>2</sub>) rating

B 85

# Further measures to achieve even higher standards

#### None

Improvements to the energy efficiency and environmental impact ratings will usually be in step with each other. However, they can sometimes diverge because reduced energy costs are not always accompanied by a reduction in carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) emissions.

# About the cost effective measures to improve this home's performance ratings

If you are a tenant, before undertaking any work you should check the terms of your lease and obtain approval from your landlord if the lease either requires it, or makes no express provision for such work.

#### Lower cost measures (typically up to £500 each)

These measures are relatively inexpensive to install and are worth tackling first. Some of them may be installed as DIY projects. DIY is not always straightforward, and sometimes there are health and safety risks, so take advice before carrying out DIY improvements.

#### 1 Low energy lighting

Replacement of traditional light bulbs with energy saving recommended ones will reduce lighting costs over the lifetime of the bulb, and they last up to 12 times longer than ordinary light bulbs. Also consider selecting low energy light fittings when redecorating; contact the Lighting Association for your nearest stockist of Domestic Energy Efficient Lighting Scheme fittings.

#### About the further measures to achieve even higher standards

Not applicable

### What ean I do today?

Actions that will save money and reduce the impact of your home on the environment include:

- Ensure that you understand the dwelling and how its energy systems are intended to work so as to obtain the maximum benefit in terms of reducing energy use and CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.
- If you have a conservatory or sunroom, avoid heating it in order to use it in cold weather and close doors between the conservatory and dwelling.
- Check that your heating system thermostat is not set too high (in a home, 21°C in the living room is suggested) and use the timer to ensure you only heat the building when necessary.
- Make sure your hot water is not too hot a cylinder thermostat need not normally be higher than 60°C.
- Turn off lights when not needed and do not leave appliances on standby. Remember not to leave chargers (e.g. for mobile phones) turned on when you are not using them.
- Close your curtains at night to reduce heat escaping through the windows.
- If you're not filling up the washing machine, tumble dryer or dishwasher, use the half-load or economy programme. Minimise the use of tumble dryers and dry clothes outdoors where possible.

For advice on how to take action and to find out about offers available to help make your home more energy efficient, call 0800 512 012 or visit www.energysavingtrust.org.uk.