#### Parishings



#### FLAT 5, 17 DUFF STREET, EDINBURGH, EH11 2HJ

Date of assessment: Date of certificate: Dwelling type: Mid-floor flat 28 July 2015 28 July 2015 49 m<sup>2</sup>

Main heating and fuel: Type of assessment: Primary Energy Indicator: Reference number:

RdSAP, Boiler and radiators, mains 171 kWh/m²/year 8000-6381-0729-5026-1353 existing dwelling

gas

You can use this document to:

- Compare current ratings of properties
- Compare current ratings of properties to see which are more energy efficient and environmentally friendly Find out how to save energy and money and also reduce  ${\rm CO_2}$  emissions by improving your home

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upon the cost of energy for heating, hot water, lighting and ventilation, calculated using standard assumptions

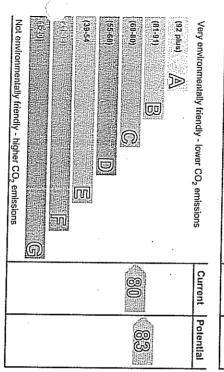
Not energy efficient - higher running costs	(1)20)	(21-38)	(39:54) E	(85-6)	(01-40)	(CASILE)	Very energy efficient - lower running costs
		-		·	$\langle 77 \rangle$		Current
					<79≥		Current Potential

#### ज्ञा<u>मका ४५०० मानामा ४५०५</u>

taking into account both energy efficiency and fuel costs. The higher this rating, the lower your fuel bills are likely to be This graph shows the current efficiency of your home,

Based on calculated energy use of 171 kWh/m²/yr, your current rating is **band C** (77). The average rating for a home in Scotland is **band D** (61).

recommendations report. The potential rating shows the effect of undertaking all of the improvement measures listed within your



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on the environment. emissions. The higher the rating, the less impact it has environment in terms of carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) This graph shows the effect of your home on the

for a home in Scotland is band D (59). Based on calculated emissions of 1 kg CO2/m²/yr, your current rating is band C (80). The average rating

recommendations report. The potential rating shows the effect of undertaking all of the improvement measures listed within your

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- C. L. C.			
	£105.00	£2,200 - £3,000	2 Coliderising boiler
1000			O Condonsino India
	£45.00	£350 - £450	Theating controls (room thermostat)
			1 Epoting control (
Green Deal	over 3 years		
Available with	Typical savings	Indicative cost	Recommended measures

A full list of recommended improvement measures for your home, together with more information on potential cost and savings and advice to help you carry out improvements can be found in your recommendations report.



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This table sets out the results of the survey which lists the current energy-related features of this home. Each element is assessed by the national calculation methodology; 1 star = very poor (least efficient), 2 stars = poor, 3 stars = average, 4 stars = good and 5 stars = very good (most efficient). The assessment does not take into consideration the condition of an element and how well it is working. 'Assumed' means that the insulation could not be inspected and an assumption has been made in the methodology, based on age and type of construction.

Element	Description	Energy Efficiency	Environmental
Walls	Timber frame, as built, insulated (assumed)	女女女女公	マネネネタ
Roof	(another dwelling above)		
Floor	(another dwelling below)		
Windows	Fully double glazed	***	女女女女公
Main heating	Boiler and radiators, mains gas	<b>***</b>	<b>女女女女</b> 公
Main heating controls	Programmer, TRVs and bypass	なな本本な	***
Secondary heating	None		
Hot water	From main system	<b>☆★★★</b> ☆	****
Lighting	Low energy lighting in all fixed outlets	***	****

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Your Energy Efficiency Rating is calculated using the standard UK methodology, RdSAP. This calculates energy used for heating, hot water, lighting and ventilation and then applies fuel costs to that energy use to give an overall rating for your home. The rating is given on a scale of 1 to 100. Other than the cost of fuel for electrical appliances and for cooking, a building with a rating of 100 would cost almost nothing to run.

As we all use our homes in different ways, the energy rating is calculated using standard occupancy assumptions which may be different from the way you use it. The rating also uses national weather information to allow comparison between buildings in different parts of Scotland. However, to make information more relevant to your home, local weather data is used to calculate your energy use, CO<sub>2</sub> emissions, running costs and the savings possible from making

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One of the biggest contributors to global warming is carbon dioxide. The energy we use for heating, lighting and power n our homes produces over a quarter of the UK's carbon dioxide emissions. Different fuels produce different amounts of carbon dioxide for every kilowatt hour (kWh) of energy used. The Environmental Impact Rating of your home is calculated by applying these 'carbon factors' for the fuels you use to your overall energy use.

The average Scottish household produces about 6 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. Based on this assessment, heating and lighting this home currently produces approximately 1.5 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. Adopting recommendations in this report can reduce emissions and protect the environment. If you were to install all of these recommendations this could reduce emissions by 0.3 tonnes per year. You could reduce emissions even more by switching to renewable energy sources.

#### FEATS TO DUTE STREET BOINBURGH ENTLIGHT 28 July 2015 RAN 5000-368 F0729 5023-4856

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## ESHIREVER CHIERRY GOSKSKIPHINS III GIR

Total	Lighting	Hot water	Heating	
Totals £1,248	£114 over 3 years	£303 over 3 years	£831 over 3 years	Current energy costs
£1,095	£114 over 3 years	£255 over 3 years	£726 over 3 years	Potential energy costs
oXeir3√ears	Potential future savings			

These figures show how much the average household would spend in this property for heating, lighting and hot water. This excludes energy use for running appliances such as TVs, computers and cookers, and the benefits of any electricity generated by this home (for example, from photovoltaic panels). The potential savings in energy costs show the effect of undertaking all of the recommended measures listed below.

## - Remover the money of the manual services of the services of

the order that they appear in the table. Further information about the recommended measures and other simple actions to take today to save money is available from the Home Energy Scotland hotline which can be contacted on 1808 808 2282. Before carrying out work, make sure that the appropriate permissions are obtained, where necessary. This may include permission from a landlord (if you are a tenant) or the need to get a Building Warrant for certain ratings after improvements listed below are cumulative; that is, they assume the improvements have been installed in the order that they appear in the table. Further information about the recommended measures and other simple The measures below will improve the energy and environmental performance of this dwelling. The performance types of work.

2 Replace boiler with new condensing boiler	1 Upgrade heating controls	Recommended measures
£2,200 - £3,000	£350 - £450	्रा <u>णि</u> म्हाराष्ट्रकारण्डार
£35	£15	ग्रिजाक्शक्ता एकत्प्रकात
( <u>67</u> 9)	<b>€78</b>	स्वाग्रहाबाका नायका
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Measures which have a green deal tick are likely to be eligible for Green Deal finance plans based on indicative costs. Subsidy also may be available for some measures, such as solid wall insulation. Additional support may also available for certain households in receipt of means tested benefits. Measures which have an orange tick may need additional finance. To find out how you could use Green Deal finance to improve your property, visit www.greenerscotland.org or contact the Home Energy Scotland hotline on 0808 808 2282. be

#### Alternative measures

There are alternative improvement measures which you could also consider for your home. It would be advisable to seek further advice and illustration of the benefits and costs of such measures.

- Biomass boiler (Exempted Appliance if in Smoke Control Area)
- Air or ground source heat pump

## The substitution of the Mention of the purity of the solution of the solution

For free and impartial advice on choosing suitable measures for your property, contact the Home Energy Scotland hotline on 0808 808 2282 or go to www.greenerscotland.org.

energy saving trust

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This section offers additional information and advice on the recommended improvement measures for your home

### 1 Heating controls (room thermostat)

competent heating engineer should be asked to do this work. Insist that the thermostat switches off the boiler as well as the pump and that the thermostatic radiator valve is removed from any radiator in the same room as the thermostat. Building regulations generally apply to this work and a building warrant may be required, so it is best to obtain advice from your local authority building standards department and from a qualified heating engineer. The heating system should have a room thermostat to enable the boiler to switch off when no heat is required. A

#### 2 Condensing boiler

the room containing the existing boiler even if the latter is to be retained for the time being (for example a kitchen makeover). Building regulations generally apply to this work and a building warrant may be required, so it is best to obtain advice from your local authority building standards department and from a qualified heating engineer. A condensing boiler is capable of much higher efficiencies than other types of boiler, meaning it will burn less fuel to heat this property. This improvement is most appropriate when the existing central heating boiler needs repair or replacement, however there may be exceptional circumstances making this impractical. Condensing boilers need a drain for the condensate which limits their location; remember this when considering remodelling

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carbon. into the atmosphere when they are used. Installing these sources may help reduce energy bills as well as cutting ow and zero carbon (LZC) energy sources are sources of energy that release either very little or no carbon dioxide

LZC energy sources present: There are none provided for this home

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more information go to www.energysavingtrust.org.uk/ You could receive Renewable Heat Incentive (RHI) payments and help reduce carbon emissions by replacing your existing heating system with one that generates renewable heat and, where appropriate, having your loft insulated cavity walls filled. The estimated energy required for space and water heating will form the basis of the payments. F scotland/rhi. For and

Water heating (kWh per year) Space heating (kWh per year) Heat demand Existing dwelling Impact of loft insulation Impact of cavity wall insulation Impact of solid wall insulation

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Under a Green Deal, the cost of the improvements is repaid over time via a credit agreement. Repayments are made through a charge added to the electricity bill for the property.

To see which improvements are recommended for this property, please turn to page 3. You can choose which improvements you want to install and ask for a quote from an authorised Green Deal provider. They will organise installation by an authorised Green Deal installer. If you move home, the responsibility for paying the Green Deal charge under the credit agreement passes to the new electricity bill payer.

For householders in receipt of income-related benefits, additional help may be available

To find out more, visit www.greenerscotland.org or call 0808 808 2282.

Authorised home energy assessment

Finance at no upfront cost

Choose from authorised installers

May be paid from savings in energy bills

Repayments stay with the electricity bill