

# Energy Performance Certificate (EPC)



135 WILKIE DRIVE, HOLYTOWN, MOTHERWELL, ML1 4YU

**Dwelling type:** Mid-terrace house  
**Date of assessment:** 23 July 2015  
**Date of certificate:** 23 July 2015  
**Total floor area:** 56 m<sup>2</sup>

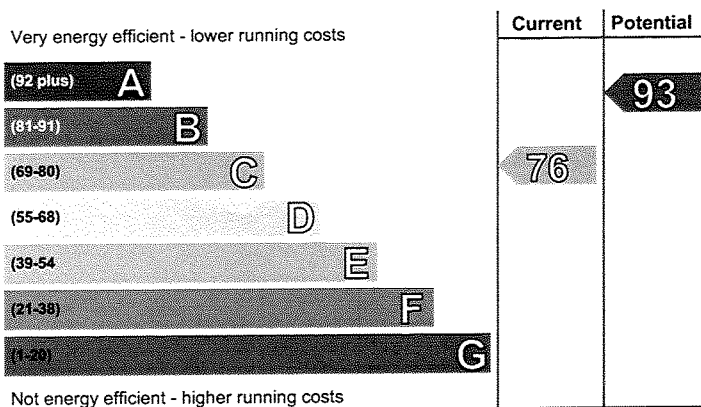
**Reference number:** 3602-7574-3429-4429-1353  
**Type of assessment:** RdSAP, existing dwelling  
**Primary Energy Indicator:** 166 kWh/m<sup>2</sup>/year  
**Main heating and fuel:** Boiler and radiators, mains gas

You can use this document to:

- Compare current ratings of properties to see which are more energy efficient and environmentally friendly
- Find out how to save energy and money and also reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by improving your home

|  |               |  |
|--|---------------|--|
| <b>Estimated energy costs for your home for 3 years*</b> | <b>£1,368</b> | See your recommendations report for more information |
| <b>Over 3 years you could save*</b>                      | <b>£216</b>   |  |

\* based upon the cost of energy for heating, hot water, lighting and ventilation, calculated using standard assumptions

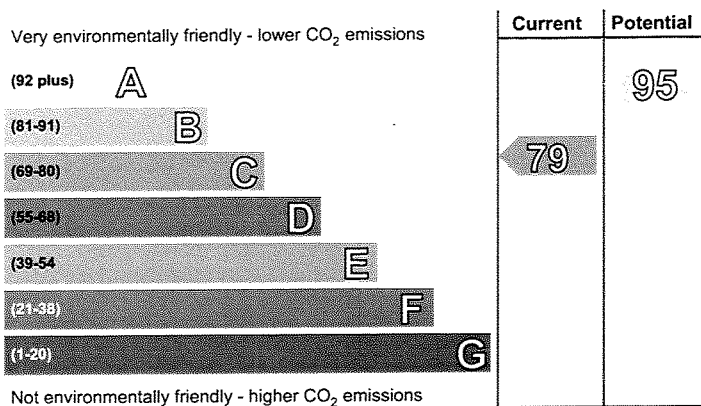


## Energy Efficiency Rating

This graph shows the current efficiency of your home, taking into account both energy efficiency and fuel costs. The higher this rating, the lower your fuel bills are likely to be.

Based on calculated energy use of **166 kWh/m<sup>2</sup>/yr**, your current rating is **band C (76)**. The average rating for a home in Scotland is **band D (61)**.

The potential rating shows the effect of undertaking all of the improvement measures listed within your recommendations report.



## Environmental Impact (CO<sub>2</sub>) Rating

This graph shows the effect of your home on the environment in terms of carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) emissions. The higher the rating, the less impact it has on the environment.

Based on calculated emissions of **1 kg CO<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>/yr**, your current rating is **band C (79)**. The average rating for a home in Scotland is **band D (59)**.

The potential rating shows the effect of undertaking all of the improvement measures listed within your recommendations report.

## Top actions you can take to save money and make your home more efficient

| Recommended measures             | Indicative cost | Typical savings over 3 years | Available with Green Deal |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 Low energy lighting            | £30             | £108.00                      |                           |
| 2 Solar water heating            | £4,000 - £6,000 | £111.00                      |                           |
| 3 Solar photovoltaic (PV) panels | £5,000 - £8,000 | £735.00                      |                           |

A full list of recommended improvement measures for your home, together with more information on potential cost and savings and advice to help you carry out improvements can be found in your recommendations report.

The Green Deal may allow you to make your home warmer and cheaper to run at no up-front capital cost. See your recommendations report for more details.

**THIS PAGE IS THE ENERGY PERFORMANCE CERTIFICATE WHICH MUST BE AFFIXED TO THE DWELLING AND NOT BE REMOVED UNLESS IT IS REPLACED WITH AN UPDATED CERTIFICATE**

### Summary of the energy performance related features of this home

This table sets out the results of the survey which lists the current energy-related features of this home. Each element is assessed by the national calculation methodology; 1 star = very poor (least efficient), 2 stars = poor, 3 stars = average, 4 stars = good and 5 stars = very good (most efficient). The assessment does not take into consideration the condition of an element and how well it is working. 'Assumed' means that the insulation could not be inspected and an assumption has been made in the methodology, based on age and type of construction.

| Element               | Description                                 | Energy Efficiency | Environmental |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------|---------------|
| Walls                 | Timber frame, as built, insulated (assumed) | ★★★★★             | ★★★★★         |
| Roof                  | Pitched, 400+ mm loft insulation            | ★★★★★             | ★★★★★         |
| Floor                 | Solid, insulated (assumed)                  | —                 | —             |
| Windows               | Fully double glazed                         | ★★★★☆             | ★★★★☆         |
| Main heating          | Boiler and radiators, mains gas             | ★★★★☆             | ★★★★☆         |
| Main heating controls | Programmer, room thermostat and TRVs        | ★★★★☆             | ★★★★☆         |
| Secondary heating     | None  | —                 | —             |
| Hot water             | From main system                            | ★★★★☆             | ★★★★☆         |
| Lighting              | No low energy lighting                      | ★☆☆☆☆             | ★☆☆☆☆         |

### The energy efficiency rating of your home

Your Energy Efficiency Rating is calculated using the standard UK methodology, RdSAP. This calculates energy used for heating, hot water, lighting and ventilation and then applies fuel costs to that energy use to give an overall rating for your home. The rating is given on a scale of 1 to 100. Other than the cost of fuel for electrical appliances and for cooking, a building with a rating of 100 would cost almost nothing to run.


As we all use our homes in different ways, the energy rating is calculated using standard occupancy assumptions which may be different from the way you use it. The rating also uses national weather information to allow comparison between buildings in different parts of Scotland. However, to make information more relevant to your home, local weather data is used to calculate your energy use, CO<sub>2</sub> emissions, running costs and the savings possible from making improvements.

### The impact of your home on the environment

One of the biggest contributors to global warming is carbon dioxide. The energy we use for heating, lighting and power in our homes produces over a quarter of the UK's carbon dioxide emissions. Different fuels produce different amounts of carbon dioxide for every kilowatt hour (kWh) of energy used. The Environmental Impact Rating of your home is calculated by applying these 'carbon factors' for the fuels you use to your overall energy use.

The average Scottish household produces about 6 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. Based on this assessment, heating and lighting this home currently produces approximately 1.6 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. Adopting recommendations in this report can reduce emissions and protect the environment. If you were to install all of these recommendations this could reduce emissions by 1.1 tonnes per year. You could reduce emissions even more by switching to renewable energy sources.



**Estimated energy costs for this home**



|               | Current energy costs | Potential energy costs | Potential future savings  |
|---------------|----------------------|------------------------|---|
| Heating       | £831 over 3 years    | £852 over 3 years      |  |
| Hot water     | £288 over 3 years    | £174 over 3 years      |   |
| Lighting      | £249 over 3 years    | £126 over 3 years      |   |
| <b>Totals</b> | <b>£1,368</b>        | <b>£1,152</b>          |   |

These figures show how much the average household would spend in this property for heating, lighting and hot water. This excludes energy use for running appliances such as TVs, computers and cookers, and the benefits of any electricity generated by this home (for example, from photovoltaic panels). The potential savings in energy costs show the effect of undertaking all of the recommended measures listed below.

**Recommendations for improvement**

The measures below will improve the energy and environmental performance of this dwelling. The performance ratings after improvements listed below are cumulative; that is, they assume the improvements have been installed in the order that they appear in the table. Further information about the recommended measures and other simple actions to take today to save money is available from the Home Energy Scotland hotline which can be contacted on 0808 808 2282. Before carrying out work, make sure that the appropriate permissions are obtained, where necessary. This may include permission from a landlord (if you are a tenant) or the need to get a Building Warrant for certain types of work.

| Recommended measures                        | Indicative cost | Typical saving per year | Rating after improvement |             | Green Deal  |
|---|-----------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|---|
|   |                 |                         | Energy                   | Environment |   |
| 1 Low energy lighting for all fixed outlets | £30             | £36                     | C 78                     | C 80        |   |
| 2 Solar water heating                       | £4,000 - £6,000 | £37                     | C 80                     | B 83        |  |
| 3 Solar photovoltaic panels, 2.5 kWp        | £5,000 - £8,000 | £245                    | A 93                     | A 95        |  |

Measures which have a green deal tick  are likely to be eligible for Green Deal finance plans based on indicative costs. Subsidy also may be available for some measures, such as solid wall insulation. Additional support may also be available for certain households in receipt of means tested benefits. Measures which have an orange tick  may need additional finance. To find out how you could use Green Deal finance to improve your property, visit [www.greenerscotland.org](http://www.greenerscotland.org) or contact the Home Energy Scotland hotline on 0808 808 2282.

**Choosing the right improvement package**

For free and impartial advice on choosing suitable measures for your property, contact the Home Energy Scotland hotline on 0808 808 2282 or go to [www.greenerscotland.org](http://www.greenerscotland.org).



## About the recommended measures to improve your home's performance rating

This section offers additional information and advice on the recommended improvement measures for your home

### 1 Low energy lighting

Replacement of traditional light bulbs with energy saving recommended ones will reduce lighting costs over the lifetime of the bulb, and they last up to 12 times longer than ordinary light bulbs. Also consider selecting low energy light fittings when redecorating; contact the Lighting Association for your nearest stockist of Domestic Energy Efficient Lighting Scheme fittings.

### 2 Solar water heating

A solar water heating panel, usually fixed to the roof, uses the sun to pre-heat the hot water supply. This can significantly reduce the demand on the heating system to provide hot water and hence save fuel and money. Planning permission might be required, building regulations generally apply to this work and a building warrant may be required, so it is best to check these with your local authority. You could be eligible for Renewable Heat Incentive payments which could appreciably increase the savings beyond those shown on your EPC, provided that both the product and the installer are certified by the Microgeneration Certification Scheme (or equivalent). Details of local MCS installers are available at [www.microgenerationcertification.org](http://www.microgenerationcertification.org).

### 3 Solar photovoltaic (PV) panels

A solar PV system is one which converts light directly into electricity via panels placed on the roof with no waste and no emissions. This electricity is used throughout the home in the same way as the electricity purchased from an energy supplier. Planning permission might be required, building regulations generally apply to this work and a building warrant may be required, so it is best to check these with your local authority. The assessment does not include the effect of any Feed-in Tariff which could appreciably increase the savings that are shown on this EPC for solar photovoltaic panels, provided that both the product and the installer are certified by the Microgeneration Certification Scheme (or equivalent). Details of local MCS installers are available at [www.microgenerationcertification.org](http://www.microgenerationcertification.org).

## Low and zero carbon energy sources

Low and zero carbon (LZC) energy sources are sources of energy that release either very little or no carbon dioxide into the atmosphere when they are used. Installing these sources may help reduce energy bills as well as cutting carbon.

**LZC energy sources present:** There are none provided for this home

## Your home's heat demand

You could receive Renewable Heat Incentive (RHI) payments and help reduce carbon emissions by replacing your existing heating system with one that generates renewable heat and, where appropriate, having your loft insulated and cavity walls filled. The estimated energy required for space and water heating will form the basis of the payments. For more information go to [www.energysavingtrust.org.uk/scotland/rhi](http://www.energysavingtrust.org.uk/scotland/rhi).

| Heat demand                  | Existing dwelling | Impact of loft insulation | Impact of cavity wall insulation | Impact of solid wall insulation |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Space heating (kWh per year) | 3,209             | N/A                       | N/A                              | N/A                             |
| Water heating (kWh per year) | 1,913             |                           |                                  |                                 |