

Address of dwelling and other details

15 McFadden Park
Kintore
Inverurie
AB51 0NU

Dwelling type: Detached house
Name of approved organisation: RICS
Membership number: RICS088108
Date of certificate: 11 January 2009
Reference number: 0318-8922-0009-0059-2072
Total floor area: 170 m²
Main type of heating and fuel: Boiler and radiators, mains gas

This dwelling's performance ratings

This dwelling has been assessed using the RdSAP 2005 methodology. Its performance is rated in terms of the energy use per square metre of floor area, energy efficiency based on fuel costs and environmental impact based on carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions. CO₂ is a greenhouse gas that contributes to climate change.

Energy Efficiency Rating

	Current	Potential
Very energy efficient - lower running costs		
(92 plus) A		
(81-91) B		
(69-80) C	74	77
(55-68) D		
(39-54) E		
(21-38) F		
(1-20) G		
Not energy efficient - higher running costs		
Scotland	EU Directive 2002/91/EC	

Environmental Impact (CO₂) Rating

	Current	Potential
Very environmentally friendly - lower CO ₂ emissions		
(92 plus) A		
(81-91) B		
(69-80) C	72	74
(55-68) D		
(39-54) E		
(21-38) F		
(1-20) G		
Not environmentally friendly - higher CO ₂ emissions		
Scotland	EU Directive 2002/91/EC	

The energy efficiency rating is a measure of the overall efficiency of a home. The higher the rating the more energy efficient the home is and the lower the fuel bills are likely to be.

The environmental impact rating is a measure of a home's impact on the environment in terms of carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions. The higher the rating the less impact it has on the environment.

Approximate current energy use per square metre of floor area: 158 kWh/m² per year

Approximate CO₂ emissions: 26 kg/m² per year

Cost effective improvements

Below is a list of lower cost measures that will raise the energy performance of the dwelling to the potential indicated in the tables above. Higher cost measures could also be considered and these are recommended in the attached energy report.

- 1 Low energy lighting for all fixed outlets

A full energy report is attached to this certificate



Information from this EPC may be given to Energy Saving Trust to provide advice to householders on financial help available to improve home energy efficiency.

For advice on how to take action and to find out about offers available to help make your home more energy efficient, call 0800 512 012 or visit www.energysavingtrust.org.uk

Energy Report



The Energy Performance Certificate and Energy Report for this dwelling were produced following an energy assessment undertaken by a member of RICS. This is an organisation which has been approved by the Scottish Ministers. The certificate has been produced under the Building (Scotland) Amendment Regulations 2006 and a copy of the certificate and this energy report have been lodged on a national register.

Assessor's name: jason begg
Company name/trading name: J & E Shepherd
Address: 35, Queens Road, Aberdeen, AB15 4ZN
Phone number: 01224202800
Fax number: 01224202802
E-mail address: aberdeen@shepherd.co.uk
Related party disclosure:

Estimated energy use, carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions and fuel costs of this home

	Current	Potential
Energy use	158 kWh/m ² per year	148 kWh/m ² per year
Carbon dioxide emissions	4.4 tonnes per year	4.2 tonnes per year
Lighting	£173 per year	£86 per year
Heating	£466 per year	£482 per year
Hot water	£185 per year	£185 per year

Based on standardised assumptions about occupancy, heating patterns and geographical location, the above table provides an indication of how much it will cost to provide lighting, heating and hot water to this home. The fuel costs only take into account the cost of fuel and not any associated service, maintenance or safety inspection. This certificate has been provided for comparative purposes only and enables one home to be compared with another. Always check the date the certificate was issued, because fuel prices can increase over time and energy saving recommendations will evolve.

About the building's performance ratings

The ratings on the certificate provide a measure of the building's overall energy efficiency and its environmental impact, calculated in accordance with a national methodology that takes into account factors such as insulation, heating and hot water systems, ventilation and fuels used.

Not all buildings are used in the same way, so energy ratings use 'standard occupancy' assumptions which may be different from the specific way you use your home.

Buildings that are more energy efficient use less energy, save money and help protect the environment. A building with a rating of 100 would cost almost nothing to heat and light and would cause almost no carbon emissions. The potential ratings in the certificate describe how close this building could get to 100 if all the cost effective recommended improvements were implemented.

About the impact of buildings on the environment

One of the biggest contributors to global warming is carbon dioxide. The way we use energy in buildings causes emissions of carbon. The energy we use for heating, lighting and power in homes produces over a quarter of the UK's carbon dioxide emissions and other buildings produce a further one-sixth.

The average household causes about 6 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. Adopting the recommendations in this report can reduce emissions and protect the environment. You could reduce emissions even more by switching to renewable energy sources. In addition there are many simple everyday measures that will save money, improve comfort and reduce the impact on the environment. Some examples are given at the end of this report.

Summary of this home's energy performance related features

The following is an assessment of the key individual elements that have an impact on this home's performance rating. Each element is assessed against the following scale: Very poor / Poor / Average / Good / Very good.

Elements	Description	Current performance	
		Energy Efficiency	Environmental
Walls	Timber frame, as built, insulated (assumed)	Good	Good
Roof	Pitched, insulated (assumed)	Good	Good
Floor	Solid, insulated (assumed)	-	-
Windows	Fully double glazed	Good	Good
Main heating	Boiler and radiators, mains gas	Good	Good
Main heating controls	Programmer, room thermostat and TRVs	Average	Average
Secondary heating	None	-	-
Hot water	From main system	Good	Good
Lighting	No low energy lighting	Very poor	Very poor
Current energy efficiency rating		C 74	
Current environmental impact (CO ₂) rating			C 72

Low and zero carbon energy sources

These are sources of energy (producing or providing electricity or hot water) which emit little or no carbon dioxide into the atmosphere.

There are none applicable to this home.

Recommended measures to improve this home's energy performance

The measures below are cost effective. The performance ratings after improvement listed below are cumulative, that is they assume the improvements have been installed in the order that they appear in the table. However you should check the conditions in any covenants, warranties or sale contracts, and whether any legal permissions are required such as a building warrant, planning consent or listed building restrictions.

Lower cost measures (up to £500)	Typical savings per year	Performance ratings after improvement	
		Energy efficiency	Environmental
1 Low energy lighting for all fixed outlets	£71	C 77	C 74
Sub-total	£71		
Higher cost measures			
2 Replace boiler with Band A condensing boiler	£72	C 79	C 77
Total	£143		
Potential energy efficiency rating		C 79	
Potential environmental impact (CO₂) rating			C 77

Further measures to achieve even higher standards

The further measures listed below should be considered in addition to those already specified if aiming for the highest possible standards for this home. Some of these measures may be cost-effective when other building work is being carried out such as an alteration, extension or repair. Also they may become cost-effective in the future depending on changes in technology costs and fuel prices. However you should check the conditions in any covenants, warranties or sale contracts, and whether any legal permissions are required such as a building warrant, planning consent or listed building restrictions.

3 Solar water heating	£34	B 81	C 78
4 Solar photovoltaic panels, 2.5 kWp	£159	B 87	B 84
Enhanced energy efficiency rating		B 87	
Enhanced environmental impact (CO₂) rating			B 84

Improvements to the energy efficiency and environmental impact ratings will usually be in step with each other. However, they can sometimes diverge because reduced energy costs are not always accompanied by a reduction in carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions.

About the cost effective measures to improve this home's performance ratings

If you are a tenant, before undertaking any work you should check the terms of your lease and obtain approval from your landlord if the lease either requires it, or makes no express provision for such work.

Lower cost measures (typically up to £500 each)

These measures are relatively inexpensive to install and are worth tackling first. Some of them may be installed as DIY projects. DIY is not always straightforward, and sometimes there are health and safety risks, so take advice before carrying out DIY improvements.

1 Low energy lighting

Replacement of traditional light bulbs with energy saving recommended ones will reduce lighting costs over the lifetime of the bulb, and they last up to 12 times longer than ordinary light bulbs. Also consider selecting low energy light fittings when redecorating; contact the Lighting Association for your nearest stockist of Domestic Energy Efficient Lighting Scheme fittings.

Higher cost measures (typically over £500 each)

2 Band A condensing boiler

A condensing boiler is capable of much higher efficiencies than other types of boiler, meaning it will burn less fuel to heat this property. This improvement is most appropriate when the existing central heating boiler needs repair or replacement, but there may be exceptional circumstances making this impractical. Condensing boilers need a drain for the condensate which limits their location; remember this when considering remodelling the room containing the existing boiler even if the latter is to be retained for the time being (for example a kitchen makeover). Building regulations may apply to this work, so it is best to obtain advice from your local authority building standards department and from a qualified heating engineer.

About the further measures to achieve even higher standards

Further measures that could deliver even higher standards for this home. You should check the conditions in any covenants, planning conditions, warranties or sale contracts before undertaking any of these measures. If you are a tenant, before undertaking any work you should check the terms of your lease and obtain approval from your landlord if the lease either requires it, or makes no express provision for such work.

3 Solar water heating

A solar water heating panel, usually fixed to the roof, uses the sun to pre-heat the hot water supply. This will significantly reduce the demand on the heating system to provide hot water and hence save fuel and money. The Solar Trade Association has up-to-date information on local installers and any grant that may be available or call 0800 512 012 (Energy Saving Trust). Building regulations may apply to this work.

4 Solar photovoltaic (PV) panels

A solar PV system is one which converts light directly into electricity via panels placed on the roof with no waste and no emissions. This electricity is used throughout the home in the same way as the electricity purchased from an energy supplier. The British Photovoltaic Association has up-to-date information on local installers who are qualified electricians and on any grant that may be available, or call 0800 512 012 (Energy Saving Trust). Planning restrictions may apply in certain neighbourhoods and you should check this with the local authority. Building regulations may apply to this work, so it is best to obtain advice from your local authority building standards department and from a suitably qualified electrician.

What can I do today?

Actions that will save money and reduce the impact of your home on the environment include:

- Ensure that you understand the dwelling and how its energy systems are intended to work so as to obtain the maximum benefit in terms of reducing energy use and CO₂ emissions.
- If you have a conservatory or sunroom, avoid heating it in order to use it in cold weather and close doors between the conservatory and dwelling.
- Check that your heating system thermostat is not set too high (in a home, 21°C in the living room is suggested) and use the timer to ensure you only heat the building when necessary.
- Make sure your hot water is not too hot - a cylinder thermostat need not normally be higher than 60°C.
- Turn off lights when not needed and do not leave appliances on standby. Remember not to leave chargers (e.g. for mobile phones) turned on when you are not using them.
- Close your curtains at night to reduce heat escaping through the windows.
- If you're not filling up the washing machine, tumble dryer or dishwasher, use the half-load or economy programme. Minimise the use of tumble dryers and dry clothes outdoors where possible.

Reduced Data SAP 2005 Input Data Summary

15 McFadden Park
Kintore
Inverurie
AB51 0NU

Located in: Scotland
Date of assessment: 31 December 2008
Date of certificate: 11 January 2009
UPRN: 1000290080
Reference number: 0318-8922-0009-0059-2072

Country and Language

Scotland, ENGLISH

Note: Includes energy report. Includes cost ratings.

Property overview

Dwelling type:	House	Main property age:	2003 - 2007
Built form:	Detached	Perimeters and areas:	Internal
Habitable rooms:	8	Transaction Type:	Rental (Private)
Heated habitable rooms:	8		
Terrain Type:	Low Rise Urban or Suburban		

Main property construction

Lowest floor	area = 76.2	room height = 2.36	perimeter = 39.1
First floor	area = 94	room height = 2.36	perimeter = 47.4
Wall construction	Timber frame with insulation as built		
Roof construction	Pitched (slates or tiles), no access to loft, unknown		
Ground floor	Solid unknown		

Windows

Area of windows:	Typical
Multiple glazing:	100% installed in or after 2002
Measured windows:	None

Space heating and controls

Database Reference No: 8791 - Glow-worm Micron 80 FF: gas:regular:non-condensing:wall mount:BF:fan:no pilot

Heat emitter:	Radiators
Boiler flue type:	Balanced flue
Boiler fan type:	Fan assisted
Main heating controls:	2106 - BOILER SYSTEM WITH RADIATORS OR UNDERFLOOR HEATING, Programmer, room thermostat and TRVs
Secondary heating:	-
Secondary heating fuel:	-

Water heating and cylinder

Water heating:	901 - From main heating system		
Water heating fuel:	1 - Gas, mains gas		
Solar panel:	No	Immersion type:	
Cylinder present:	Yes	Cylinder insulation type:	Loose jacket
Cylinder size:	Large	Cylinder thermostat:	Yes
Cylinder insulation:	50 mm		

Miscellaneous

Open fireplaces: 0
Ventilation type: Natural
Electricity meter: Single
Wind turbines: 0

Photovoltaic cells: 0%
Low energy lights: 0%
Main gas supply: Yes

Measures

Selected:
Low energy lights (E)
Upgrade boiler, same fuel (I)
Solar water heating (N)
Photovoltaics (U)

Cancelled: