# **Energy Performance Certificate (EPC)**



#### FLAT 1, 19 RENNIE'S ISLE, EDINBURGH, EH6 6QB

Dwelling type: Mid-floor flat Reference number: 7300-8846-0929-9090-1573 Date of assessment: 14 May 2013 Type of assessment: RdSAP, existing dwelling Date of certificate: 14 May 2013 **Primary Energy Indicator:** 144 kWh/m<sup>2</sup>/year Main heating and fuel: Total floor area: 74 m<sup>2</sup> Boiler and radiators, mains

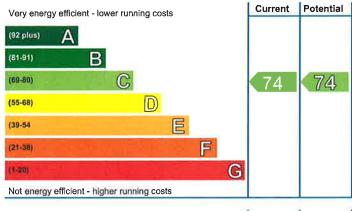
gas

#### You can use this document to:

Compare current ratings of properties to see which are more energy efficient and environmentally friendly

#### £1.686 Estimated energy costs for your home for 3 years\*

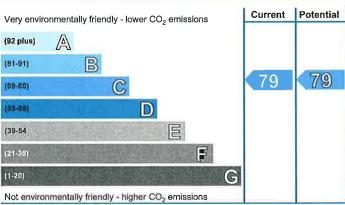
\* based upon the cost of energy for heating, hot water, lighting and ventilation, calculated using standard assumptions



#### **Energy Efficiency Rating**

This graph shows the current efficiency of your home, taking into account both energy efficiency and fuel costs. The higher this rating, the lower your fuel bills are likely to be.

Your current rating is band C (74). The average rating for a home in Scotland is band D (61).



# **Environmental Impact (CO<sub>2</sub>) Rating**

This graph shows the effect of your home on the environment in terms of carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) emissions. The higher the rating, the less impact it has on the environment.

Your current rating is band C (79). The average rating for a home in Scotland is band D (59).

THIS PAGE IS THE ENERGY PERFORMANCE CERTIFICATE WHICH MUST BE AFFIXED TO THE DWELLING AND NOT BE REMOVED UNLESS IT IS REPLACED WITH AN UPDATED CERTIFICATE

# Summary of the energy performance related features of this home

This table sets out the results of the survey which lists the current energy-related features of this home. Each element is assessed by the national calculation methodology; 1 star = very poor (least efficient), 2 stars = poor, 3 stars = average, 4 stars = good and 5 stars = very good (most efficient). The assessment does not take into consideration the condition of an element and how well it is working. 'Assumed' means that the insulation could not be inspected and an assumption has been made in the methodology, based on age and type of construction.

Element	Description	Energy Efficiency	Environmental
Walls	Cavity wall, as built, insulated (assumed)	****	<b>★★★</b> ☆
Roof	(another dwelling above)	-	<del></del>
Floor	(other premises below)		
Windows	Fully double glazed	***	***
Main heating	Boiler and radiators, mains gas	****	<b>★★★</b> ☆
Main heating controls	Programmer, room thermostat and TRVs	****	<b>★★★★☆</b>
Secondary heating	None	_	_
Hot water	Electric immersion, standard tariff	<b>★</b> ☆☆☆	***
Lighting	Low energy lighting in all fixed outlets	****	****

# The energy efficiency rating of your home

Your Energy Efficiency Rating is calculated using the standard UK methodology, RdSAP. This calculates energy used for heating, hot water, lighting and ventilation and then applies fuel costs to that energy use to give an overall rating for your home. The rating is given on a scale of 1 to 100. Other than the cost of fuel for electrical appliances and for cooking, a building with a rating of 100 would cost almost nothing to run.

As we all use our homes in different ways, the energy rating is calculated using standard occupancy assumptions which may be different from the way you use it. The rating also uses national weather information to allow comparison between buildings in different parts of Scotland. However, to make information more relevant to your home, local weather data is used to calculate your energy use, CO<sub>2</sub> emissions, running costs and the savings possible from making improvements.

#### The impact of your home on the environment

One of the biggest contributors to global warming is carbon dioxide. The energy we use for heating, lighting and power in our homes produces over a quarter of the UK's carbon dioxide emissions. Different fuels produce different amounts of carbon dioxide for every kilowatt hour (kWh) of energy used. The Environmental Impact Rating of your home is calculated by applying these 'carbon factors' for the fuels you use to your overall energy use.

The average Scottish household produces about 6 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. Based on this assessment, heating and lighting this home currently produces approximately 2.0 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. You could reduce emissions by switching to renewable energy sources.

# FLAT 1 , 19 RENNIE'S ISLE, EDINBURGH, EH6 6QB 14 May 2013 RRN: 7300-8846-0929-9090-1573

# **Recommendations Report**

Estimated energy costs for this home						
	Current energy costs	Potential energy costs	Potential future savings			
Heating	£807 over 3 years	£807 over 3 years	Not applicable			
Hot water	£738 over 3 years	£738 over 3 years				
Lighting	£141 over 3 years	£141 over 3 years				
Totals	£1,686	£1,686				

These figures show how much the average household would spend in this property for heating, lighting and hot water. This excludes energy use for running appliances such as TVs, computers and cookers, and the benefits of any electricity generated by this home (for example, from photovoltaic panels). The potential savings in energy costs show the effect of undertaking all of the recommended measures listed below.

# **Recommendations for improvement**

None

## Low and zero carbon energy sources

Low and zero carbon (LZC) energy sources are sources of energy that release either very little or no carbon dioxide into the atmosphere when they are used. Installing these sources may help reduce energy bills as well as cutting carbon.

LZC energy sources present: There are none provided for this home

## Your home's heat demand

For most homes, the vast majority of energy costs come from heating the home. Where applicable to your home, the table below shows the energy that could be saved by insulating the attic and walls, based upon the typical energy use for this building. Numbers shown in brackets are the reduction in energy use possible from each improvement measure.

Heat demand	Existing dwelling	Impact of loft insulation	Impact of cavity wall insulation	Impact of solid wall insulation
Space heating (kWh per year)	3,135	N/A	N/A	N/A
Water heating (kWh per year)	1,867			

#### Addendum

#### **About this document**

The Energy Performance Certificate and Recommendations Report for this dwelling were produced following an energy assessment undertaken by an assessor accredited by BRE, an Approved Organisation appointed by Scottish Ministers. The certificate has been produced under the Energy Performance of Buildings (Scotland) Regulations 2008 from data lodged to the Scottish EPC register.

Assessor's name:
Assessor membership number:
Company name/trading name:

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Related party disclosure: No related party

This Certificate and report will be available to view online by any party with access to the report reference number and to organisations delivering energy efficiency and carbon reduction initiatives on behalf of the Scottish and UK Governments. If you are the current owner or occupier of this building and do not wish this data to be shared with third parties for purposes other than the sale or rental of the property, please notify the assessor listed above and your data will be restricted accordingly. Further information on this and on Energy Performance Certificates in general can be found at www.scotland.gov.uk.